IN THE CLAIMS

The following is a listing of the claims in accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.121.

1. (currently amended) A CT imaging system, comprising:

an X-ray source comprising two or more discrete[[,]] emission points, wherein the emission points are configured to be individually activated and wherein each emission point, when activated, emits a respective conical or fan-shaped stream of radiation through a respective portion of a field of view such that successive emissions by different emission points occur at different view angles; [[and]]

a detector array comprising a plurality of detector elements, wherein each detector element may generate one or more signals in response to the respective streams of radiation; and

a system controller configured to control the two or more emission points and to acquire the one or more signals from the plurality of detector elements.

- 2. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 1, wherein the two or more discrete[[,]] emission points comprise X-ray tubes.
- 3. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 1, wherein the X-ray source comprises one of a solid-state X-ray source and or a thermionic X-ray source.
- 4. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 1, wherein the two or more discrete[[,]] emission points comprise field emitters.
- 5. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 1, wherein the detector array comprises a flat panel detector.

- 6. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 1, wherein the detector array comprises an energy discrimination detector.
- 7. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 1, wherein the X-ray source comprises duplicate emission points along the longitudinal axis.
- 8. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 1, wherein the X-ray source comprises offset emission points along the longitudinal axis.
- 9. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 1, wherein the two or more emission points are rotated about the field of view such that each emission point, when activated, emits [[the]] a respective stream of radiation from a respective view angle.
- 10. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 9, wherein the two or more emission points are rotated by mechanically rotating the emission points about the field of view.
- 11. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 9, wherein the two or more emission points are effectively rotated by activation of stationary emission points disposed in a ring about the field of view.
- 12. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 11, wherein the stationary emission points are configured to be sequentially activated.
- 13. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 9, wherein a first subset of the two or more emission points are activated at a first set of view angles and wherein a second subset of the two or more emission points are activated at a subset of the first set of view angles.

- 14. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 13, wherein the first set of view angles comprises every view angle and wherein the subset comprises every other view angle.
- 15. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 9, wherein the flux of each respective stream of radiation is determined based on <u>at least</u> the respective view angle and a respective path length through a patient.
- 16. (currently amended) The CT imaging system[[,]] as recited in claim 1, further comprising:

a system controller configured to control the one or more X-ray sources and to acquire the one or more signals from the plurality of detector elements via a data acquisition system;

a computer system configured to receive the one or more signals and to process the one or more signals to generate one or more images; and

an operator workstation configured to display the one or more images.

17. (currently amended) A method for CT imaging, the method comprising the acts of:

rotating an X-ray source about a field of view, wherein the X-ray source comprises two or more, discrete emission points;

individually activating at least two of the emission points at view angles around the field of view, such that each emission point emits a respective stream of radiation through a respective portion of the field of view when activated;

emitting a respective conical or fan-shaped stream of radiation from each of two
or more X-ray emitters through a respective portion of a field of view, wherein successive
emissions by different emission points occur at different view angles; and

acquiring a plurality of signals from a detector, wherein the plurality of signals are generated in response to the respective streams of radiation; and

processing the plurality of signals to generate one or more images.

- 18. (currently amended) The method[[,]] as recited in claim 17, wherein individually activating at least two of the emission points emitting the respective conical or fan-shaped streams of radiation comprises activating a first set of emission points at a first set of view angles and activating a second set of emission points at a second set of view angles.
- 19. (currently amended) The method[[,]] as recited in claim 18, wherein the second set of view angles comprises a subset of the first set of view angles.
- 20. (currently amended) The method[[,]] as recited in claim 17, further comprising the act of:

determining the flux of each stream of radiation based on <u>at least the</u> respective view angle and a respective path length through a patient.

- 21. (currently amended) The method[[,]] as recited in claim 17, wherein rotating the X-ray source comprises comprising mechanically rotating the X-ray source two or more X-ray emitters about the field of view.
- 22. (currently amended) The method[[,]] as recited in claim 17, wherein effectively rotating the X-ray source comprises comprising sequentially activating the two or more emission points in a sequence, wherein the two or more emission points are disposed in a stationary ring about the field of view.
- 23. (currently amended) A computer program, provided on one or more computer readable media, for imaging a field of view, comprising:
- a-routine for rotating an X-ray source about a field of view, wherein the X-ray source comprises two or more, discrete emission points; and
- a routine for individually activating at least two of the emission points at view angles around the field of view, such that each emission point emits a respective stream of

radiation through a respective portion of the field of view when activated emitting a respective conical or fan-shaped stream of radiation from each of two or more X-ray emitters through a respective portion of a field of view, wherein successive emissions by different emission points occur at different view angles.

24. (currently amended) The computer program[[,]] as recited in claim 23, further comprising:

a routine for acquiring a plurality of signals from a detector, wherein the plurality of signals are generated in response to the respective streams of radiation; and

a routine for processing the plurality of signals to generate one or more images.

- 25. (currently amended) The computer program[[,]] as recited in claim 23, wherein the routine for individually activating at least two of the emission points emitting the respective conical or fan-shaped streams of radiation activates a first set of emission points at a first set of view angles and activates a second set of emission points at a second set of view angles.
- 26. (currently amended) The computer program[[,]] as recited in claim 25, wherein the second set of view angles comprises a subset of the first set of view angles.
- 27. (currently amended) The computer program[[,]] as recited in claim 23, comprising:
 a routine for determining the flux of each stream of radiation based on at least the respective view angle and a respective path length through a patient.
- 28. (canceled)
- 29. (new) A CT imaging system, comprising:

an X-ray source comprising two or more azimuthally offset emission points, wherein each emission point, when activated, emits a respective conical or fan-shaped stream of radiation through a respective portion of a field of view;

an X-ray controller configured to activate the two or more emission points such that only one emission point is active at a time and each emission point is activated at a different view angle than the preceding emission point;

a detector array comprising a plurality of detector elements, wherein each detector element may generate one or more signals in response to the respective streams of radiation.